



Term Life Insurance

can provide money for your family if you die or are diagnosed with a terminal illness.

College Presidents in active employment in the United States with the Employer

How does it work?

You choose the amount of coverage that’s right for you, and you keep coverage for a set period of time, or “term.” If you die during that term, the money can help your family pay for basic living expenses, final arrangements, tuition and more.

Association of Independent CA Colleges & Universities provides the following Term Life coverage for you:

You: Your employer is paying for base Life coverage of \$50,000.

Why is this coverage so valuable?

If you previously purchased coverage, you can increase it up to \$355,000 to meet your growing needs — with no medical underwriting.

Additional coverage available to purchase:

If you are actively at work at least 20 hours per week, you may apply for additional coverage for:

You:	You can purchase additional Life coverage from \$10,000 to \$1,000,000 in \$10,000 increments, up to 1, 2, 3 or 4 times your earnings. If you previously purchased coverage, you can increase it up to \$355,000, with no medical underwriting. If you previously declined coverage, you may have to answer some health questions. The total amount of coverage between the base and additional amounts may not exceed \$1,050,000.
Your spouse:	You can purchase additional Life coverage for your spouse from \$10,000 to \$250,000 in increments of \$10,000. You must purchase coverage for yourself in order to purchase coverage for your spouse. Spouse coverage must not exceed 100% of the coverage amount you purchase for yourself. Your spouse can get up to \$50,000 with no medical underwriting, if eligible (see delayed effective date).
Your children:	Get up to \$15,000 of coverage in \$1,000 increments if eligible (see delayed effective date). One policy covers all of your children until their 26th birthday. The maximum benefit for children live birth to 6 months is \$1,000.

Term Life Insurance

How much coverage can I get?

Calculate your costs

1. Enter the coverage amount you want.
2. Divide by the amount shown.
3. Multiply by the rate. Use the rate table (at right) to find the rate based on age.

(Choose the age you will be when your coverage becomes effective. See your plan administrator for your plan effective date. To determine your spouse rate, choose the age the employee will be when coverage becomes effective. See your plan administrator for your plan effective date.)

4. Enter your cost.

	1	2	3	4
Employee	\$_____,000	÷ \$1,000 = \$_____	X \$_____	= \$_____
Spouse	\$_____,000	÷ \$1,000 = \$_____	X \$_____	= \$_____
Child	\$_____,000	÷ \$1,000 = \$_____	X \$_____	= \$_____
Total cost				

Employee monthly rate		Spouse monthly rate	Child monthly rate
Age	Per \$1,000 of coverage	Per \$1,000 of coverage	\$0.070 per \$1,000 of coverage
	Cost	Cost	
15-24	\$0.023	\$0.023	
25-29	\$0.023	\$0.023	
30-34	\$0.028	\$0.028	
35-39	\$0.041	\$0.041	
40-44	\$0.069	\$0.069	
45-49	\$0.103	\$0.103	
50-54	\$0.158	\$0.158	
55-59	\$0.282	\$0.282	
60-64	\$0.434	\$0.434	
65-69	\$0.874	\$0.874	
70-74	\$1.418	\$1.418	
75+	\$1.418	\$1.418	

Billed amount may vary slightly.

If you apply for coverage above the guaranteed issue amount, you may be subject to medical underwriting which may affect your ability to get the larger coverage amount. In order to purchase coverage for your dependents, you must buy coverage for yourself. Coverage amounts cannot exceed 100% of your coverage amounts.

Term Life Insurance

A ‘Living’ Benefit — If you are diagnosed with a terminal illness with less than 12 months to live, you can request 75% of your life insurance benefit (up to \$500,000) while you are still living. This amount will be taken out of the death benefit, and may be taxable. **These benefit payments may adversely affect the recipient’s eligibility for Medicaid or other government benefits or entitlements, and may be taxable.** Recipients should consult their tax attorney or advisor before utilizing living benefit payments.

Waiver of premium — Your cost may be waived if you are totally disabled for a period of time.

Portability — You may be able to keep coverage if you leave the company, retire or change the number of hours you work.

Employees or dependents who have a sickness or injury having a material effect on life expectancy at the time their group coverage ends are not eligible for portability.

Exclusions and limitations

Actively at work

Eligible employees must be actively at work to apply for coverage. Being actively at work means on the day the employee applies for coverage, the individual must be working at one of his/her company’s business locations; or the individual must be working at a location where he/she is required to represent the company. If applying for coverage on a day that is not a scheduled workday, the employee will be considered actively at work as of his/her last scheduled workday. Employees are not considered actively at work if they are on a leave of absence or lay off.

An unmarried handicapped dependent child who becomes handicapped prior to the child’s attainment age of 26 may be eligible for benefits. Please see your plan administrator for details on eligibility.

Employees must be U.S. citizens or legally authorized to work in the U.S. to receive coverage. Employees must be actively employed in the United States with the Employer to receive coverage. Employees must be insured under the plan for spouses and dependents to be eligible for coverage.

Exclusions and limitations

Life insurance benefits will not be paid for deaths caused by suicide occurring within 24 months after the effective date of coverage. The same applies for increased or additional benefits.

Delayed effective date of coverage

Insurance coverage will be delayed if you are not an active employee because of an injury, sickness, temporary layoff, or leave of absence on the date that insurance would otherwise become effective.

Delayed Effective Date: if your spouse or child has a serious injury, sickness, or disorder, or is confined, their coverage may not take effect. Payment of premium does not guarantee coverage. Please refer to your policy contract or see your plan administrator for an explanation of the delayed effective date provision that applies to your plan.

Base Coverage Age Reduction

Coverage amounts for base Life for you will reduce to:

- 65% of the original amount when you reach age 65
- 50% of the original amount when you reach age 70
- 30% of the original amount when you reach age 75

Coverage may not be increased after a reduction.

Additional Coverage Age Reduction

Coverage amounts for additional Life for you will reduce to:

- 65% of the original amount when you reach age 65
- 50% of the original amount when you reach age 70
- 30% of the original amount when you reach age 75

Coverage may not be increased after a reduction.

Termination of coverage

Your coverage and your dependents’ coverage under the policy ends on the earliest of:

- The date the policy or plan is cancelled
- The date you no longer are in an eligible group
- The date your eligible group is no longer covered
- The last day of the period for which you made any required contributions
- The last day you are actively employed (unless coverage is continued due to a covered layoff, leave of absence, injury or sickness), as described in the certificate of coverage

In addition, coverage for any one dependent will end on the earliest of:

- The date your coverage under a plan ends
- The date your dependent ceases to be an eligible dependent
- For a spouse, the date of a divorce or annulment
- For dependents, the date of your death

Unum will provide coverage for a payable claim that occurs while you and your dependents are covered under the policy or plan.

This information is not intended to be a complete description of the insurance coverage available. The policy or its provisions may vary or be unavailable in some states. The policy has exclusions and limitations which may affect any benefits payable. For complete details of coverage and availability, please refer to Policy Form C.FP-1 et al or contact your Unum representative.

Life Planning Financial & Legal Resources services, provided by HealthAdvocate, are available with select Unum insurance offerings. Terms and availability of service are subject to change. Service provider does not provide legal advice; please consult your attorney for guidance. Services are not valid after coverage terminates. Please contact your Unum representative for details.

Unum complies with state civil union and domestic partner laws when applicable.

Underwritten by: Unum Life Insurance Company of America, Portland, Maine

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Long Term Disability Insurance
can replace part of your income if a disability keeps you out of work for a long period of time.

All Full-Time Employees of The Claremont Colleges, Inc. excluding employees of Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden

How does it work?

This employer-paid coverage pays a monthly benefit if you have a covered illness or injury and you can't work for a few months — or even longer.

You're generally considered disabled if you're unable to do important parts of your job — and your income suffers as a result.

Why is this coverage so valuable?

Your employer is paying the cost of this coverage. You can use the money however you choose. It can help you pay for your rent or mortgage, groceries, out-of-pocket medical expenses and more.

How much coverage can I get?

You*	You are eligible for coverage if you are an active employee in the United States working a minimum of 30 hours per week.
	Coverage amounts Cover 66.6667% of your monthly income, up to a maximum payment of \$15,000. <small>*See the Legal Disclosures for more information.</small>

The monthly benefit may be reduced or offset by other sources of income. The IRS may require you to pay taxes on certain benefit payments. See your tax advisor for details.

! Claremont University is paying the cost of this coverage. Coverage is guaranteed so you don't have to answer medical questions.

Elimination period (EP)

Your elimination period is 180 days. This is the number of days that must pass after a covered accident or illness before you can begin to receive benefits.

Benefit duration (BD)

This is the maximum length of time you can receive benefits while you're disabled. You can receive benefits to age 65.

What's covered?

This insurance may cover a variety of conditions and injuries. Here are Unum's top reasons for long term disability claims:¹

- Cancer
- Back disorders
- Injuries
- Cardiovascular
- Joint disorders

This plan does not cover pre-existing conditions. See the disclosure section to learn more.

What else is included?

Survivor benefit

If you die while you've been disabled and receiving benefits for at least 180 days, your family could get a benefit equal to 3 months of your gross disability payment.

Waiver of premium

If you're disabled and receiving benefit payments, Unum waives your cost until you return to work.

¹ Unum internal data, 2018. Note: Causes are listed in ranked order.

Long Term Disability Insurance

Exclusions and limitations

Active employee

You are considered in active employment, if on the day you apply for coverage, you are being paid regularly by Claremont University for the required minimum hours each week and you are performing the material and substantial duties of your regular occupation.

Delayed effective date of coverage

Insurance coverage will be delayed if you are not an active employee because of an injury, sickness, temporary layoff, or leave of absence on the date that insurance would otherwise become effective.

Benefit Duration (BD)

The duration of your benefit payments is based on your age when your disability occurs. Your Long Term Disability benefits are payable while you continue to meet the definition of disability. Please refer to your plan document for the duration of benefits under this policy.

Definition of disability

For the first 24 months, you are considered totally disabled when, as a result of sickness or injury, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the substantial and material acts necessary to pursue your usual occupation in the usual and customary way.

After benefits have been paid for 24 months of disability, you are considered totally disabled when, as a result of sickness or injury, you are not able to engage with reasonable continuity in any occupation in which you could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

You are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled and while actually working in your usual occupation, as a result of sickness or injury you are unable to earn 80% or more of your indexed monthly pre-disability earnings.

After benefits have been paid for 24 months you are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled and while actually working in an occupation, as a result of sickness or injury you are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in that or in any other occupation in which you could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

You must be under the regular care of a physician in order to be considered disabled.

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, constitute disability.

“Substantial and material acts” means the important tasks, functions and operations that are generally required by employers from those engaged in your usual occupation and that cannot be reasonably omitted or modified.

‘Usual occupation’ means the substantial and material acts you are routinely performing for your employer when your disability begins.

Pre-existing conditions

You have an excluded pre-existing condition if:

- You received medical treatment, care, or services for a diagnosed condition, or took prescribed medication for that diagnosed condition, in the 3 months immediately prior to your effective date of coverage; and
- The disability caused or substantially contributed to by the condition begins in the first 12 months after your effective date of coverage.

Deductible sources of income

Your disability benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income and any earnings you have while disabled. Deductible sources of income may include such items as disability income or other amounts you receive or are entitled to receive under workers’ compensation or similar occupational benefit laws; state compulsory benefit laws; automobile liability and no fault insurance; legal judgments and settlements; certain retirement plans; salary continuation or sick leave plans, if applicable; other group or association disability programs or insurance; and amounts you or your family receive or are entitled to receive from Social Security or similar governmental programs.

Here’s an example of how the benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income:

Monthly pre-disability earnings:.....	\$3,000
Long term disability benefit percentage:.....	x 60%
Unreduced maximum benefit:.....	\$1,800
Less Social Security disability benefit per month:.....	-\$900
Less state disability income benefit per month:.....	-\$300
Monthly long term disability benefit:.....	\$600

Exclusions and limitations

Your plan does not cover any disabilities caused by or resulting from:

- Intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- Active participation in a riot;
- War, declared or undeclared or any act of war;
- Commission of a felony for which you have been convicted;
- Pre-existing conditions (See the disclosure section to learn more).

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, constitute disability.

The lifetime cumulative maximum benefit for all disabilities due to mental illness is 24 months. Only 24 months of benefits will be paid for any combination of such disabilities even if the disabilities are not continuous and/or are not related. Payments can continue beyond 24 months only if you are confined to a hospital or institution as a result of the disability.

Termination of coverage

Your coverage under the policy ends on the earliest of the following:

- The date the policy or plan is cancelled
- The date you no longer are in an eligible group
- The date your eligible group is no longer covered
- The last day of the period for which you made any required contributions
- The last day you are in active employment except as provided under the covered layoff or leave of absence provision.

Unum will provide coverage for a payable claim that occurs while you are covered under the policy or plan.

Social Security advocacy services are provided by GENEX Services, Inc. or The Advocator Group, LLC. Referral to one of our advocacy partners is determined by Unum.

The work-life balance employee assistance program, provided by HealthAdvocate, is available with select Unum insurance offerings. Terms and availability of service are subject to change. Service provider does not provide legal advice; please consult your attorney for guidance. Services are not valid after coverage terminates. Please contact your Unum representative for details.

This information is not intended to be a complete description of the insurance coverage available. The policy or its provisions may vary or be unavailable in some states. The policy has exclusions and limitations which may affect any benefits payable. For complete details of coverage and availability, please refer to Policy Form C.FP-1 et al. or contact your Unum representative.

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Long Term Disability Insurance
can replace part of your income if a disability keeps you out of work for a long period of time.

All Full-Time employees of The Claremont Colleges, Inc. who are employees of Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden

How does it work?

This coverage pays a monthly benefit if you have a covered illness or injury and you can't work for a few months — or even longer.

You're generally considered disabled if you're unable to do important parts of your job — and your income suffers as a result.

Why is this coverage so valuable?

You can use the money however you choose. It can help you pay for your rent or mortgage, groceries, out-of-pocket medical expenses and more.

What's covered?

This insurance may cover a variety of conditions and injuries. Here are Unum's top reasons for long term disability claims:¹

- Cancer
- Back disorders
- Injuries
- Cardiovascular
- Joint disorders

This plan does not cover pre-existing conditions. See the disclosure section to learn more.

What else is included?

Survivor benefit

If you die while you've been disabled and receiving benefits for at least 180 days, your family could get a benefit equal to 3 months of your gross disability payment.

Waiver of premium

If you're disabled and receiving benefit payments, Unum waives your cost until you return to work.

Consider your monthly expenses

	Food	\$ _____
	Transportation (gas, car payments, repairs)	_____
	Child care/elder care	_____
	Mortgage/rent	_____
	Utilities (electric, water, cable, phone)	_____
	Medical costs (co-pays, medications)	_____
	Insurance (health, life, car, home)	_____
	Total monthly expenses	\$ _____

¹ Unum internal data, 2018. Note: Causes are listed in ranked order.

Long Term Disability Insurance

How much coverage can I get?

You*	<p>You are eligible for coverage if you are an active employee in the United States working a minimum of 30 hours per week.</p> <p>Coverage amounts Cover 66.6667% of your monthly income, up to a maximum payment of \$15,000. <small>*See the Legal Disclosures for more information.</small></p>
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The monthly benefit may be reduced or offset by other sources of income. The IRS may require you to pay taxes on certain benefit payments. See your tax advisor for details.

- ! If you didn't get coverage when you were first eligible, you'll have to answer medical questions now. If you're newly eligible, you are guaranteed coverage now with no medical questions. If you already have coverage, you can increase it up to the maximum available with no medical questions. New coverage may be subject to pre-existing condition limitations.

Elimination period (EP)

Your elimination period is 180 days. This is the number of days that must pass after a covered accident or illness before you can begin to receive benefits.

Benefit duration (BD)

This is the maximum length of time you can receive benefits while you're disabled. You can receive benefits to age 65.

Calculate your benefit

Disability worksheet					
Calculate your monthly disability benefit.					
\$ _____	÷ 12 = \$ _____	x	66.6667%	=	\$ _____
Your annual earnings	Your monthly earnings		(Max % of income covered)		Max monthly benefit available (if the amount exceeds the plan max of \$15,000, enter \$15,000).

Since our founding in 1848, Unum has been a leader in the employee benefits business.

Innovation, integrity and an unwavering commitment to our customers has helped us become a global leader in financial protection benefits.

Long Term Disability Insurance

Exclusions and limitations

Active employee

You are considered in active employment, if on the day you apply for coverage, you are being paid regularly by Claremont University for the required minimum hours each week and you are performing the material and substantial duties of your regular occupation.

Delayed effective date of coverage

Insurance coverage will be delayed if you are not an active employee because of an injury, sickness, temporary layoff, or leave of absence on the date that insurance would otherwise become effective.

Benefit Duration (BD)

The duration of your benefit payments is based on your age when your disability occurs. Your Long Term Disability benefits are payable while you continue to meet the definition of disability. Please refer to your plan document for the duration of benefits under this policy.

Definition of disability

For the first 24 months, you are considered totally disabled when, as a result of sickness or injury, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the substantial and material acts necessary to pursue your usual occupation in the usual and customary way.

After benefits have been paid for 24 months of disability, you are considered totally disabled when, as a result of sickness or injury, you are not able to engage with reasonable continuity in any occupation in which you could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

You are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled and while actually working in your usual occupation, as a result of sickness or injury you are unable to earn 80% or more of your indexed monthly pre-disability earnings.

After benefits have been paid for 24 months you are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled and while actually working in an occupation, as a result of sickness or injury you are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in that or in any other occupation in which you could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity.

You must be under the regular care of a physician in order to be considered disabled.

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, constitute disability.

“Substantial and material acts” means the important tasks, functions and operations that are generally required by employers from those engaged in your usual occupation and that cannot be reasonably omitted or modified.

‘Usual occupation’ means the substantial and material acts you are routinely performing for your employer when your disability begins.

Pre-existing conditions

You have an excluded pre-existing condition if:

- You received medical treatment, care, or services for a diagnosed condition, or took prescribed medication for that diagnosed condition, in the 3 months immediately prior to your effective date of coverage; and
- The disability caused or substantially contributed to by the condition begins in the first 12 months after your effective date of coverage.

Deductible sources of income

Your disability benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income and any earnings you have while disabled. Deductible sources of income may include such items as disability income or other amounts you receive or are entitled to receive under workers’ compensation or similar occupational benefit laws; state compulsory benefit laws; automobile liability and no fault insurance; legal judgments and settlements; certain retirement plans; salary continuation or sick leave plans, if applicable; other group or association disability programs or insurance; and amounts you or your family receive or are entitled to receive from Social Security or similar governmental programs.

Here’s an example of how the benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income:

Monthly pre-disability earnings:.....	\$3,000
Long term disability benefit percentage:..... x 60%	
Unreduced maximum benefit:.....	\$1,800
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- Commission of a felony for which you have been convicted;
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Termination of coverage

Your coverage under the policy ends on the earliest of the following:

- The date the policy or plan is cancelled
- The date you no longer are in an eligible group
- The date your eligible group is no longer covered
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The Claremont Colleges, Inc.

Term Life Insurance

Retired College Presidents



How does it work?

You keep coverage for a set period of time, or “term.” If you die during that term, the money can help your family pay for basic living expenses, final arrangements, tuition and more.

What else is included?

A “Living” Benefit

If you are diagnosed with a terminal illness with less than 12 months to live, you can request 75% of your life insurance benefit (up to \$10,000) while you are still living. This amount will be taken out of the death benefit and may be taxable.

Waiver of premium

Your cost may be waived if you are totally disabled for a period of time.

Who can get Term Life coverage?

You:	You can receive a benefit amount of \$10,000. You can get up to \$10,000 with no medical underwriting.
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Exclusions and limitations

Life insurance benefits will not be paid for deaths that are caused by suicide occurring within 24 months after the effective date of coverage or the date that increases to existing coverage becomes effective. This exclusion standardly applies to all medically written amounts and contributory amounts that are funded by the employee including shared funding plans.

Delayed effective date of coverage

Employee: Insurance coverage will be delayed if you are not in active employment because of an injury, sickness, temporary layoff, or leave of absence on the date that insurance would otherwise become effective.

Termination of coverage

Your coverage under the policy ends on the earliest of:

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The Claremont Colleges, Inc.

Retired Members, excluding Retired College Presidents

Term Life Insurance



How does it work?

You keep coverage for a set period of time, or "term." If you die during that term, the money can help your family pay for basic living expenses, final arrangements, tuition and more.

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